

Conflicts of Interest statement

✓ J.Deranlot: Non-financial support

- DePuy Synthes

✓ B.Marion: Non-financial support

- SANOFI

✓ S.Klouche: none

✓ G.Nourissat: none

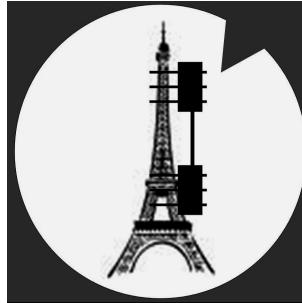
✓ Ph. Hardy: Personal Fees as consultant

- Arthrex
- Zimmer

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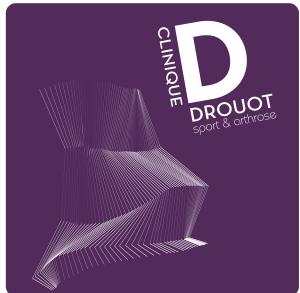
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Latarjet Procedure : Comparative Short Term Study of Arthroscopic vs Mini-Open Approach

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Background

- ~ Recurrent anterior instability = surgical challenge
 - ~ Latarjet procedure first described in 1954 (*Latarjet M. Treatment of recurrent dislocation of the shoulder. Lyon Chir 1954;49:994-997 in French*).
 - ~ Mini-open approach
 - ~ New arthroscopic set
 - ~ Benefits versus mini-open approach ?
 - ~ Comparative studies are needed
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Objectives - Hypothesis

~ Main objective: to assess post-operative pain

~ Secondary objective

- Time of surgery
- Peri-operative complications
- Analgesic consumption
- Positioning of coracoid bone block at the anterior aspect of the glenoid

~ Hypothesis: arthroscopic Latarjet procedure is less painful than mini-open procedure

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Study design

- ~ Prospective comparative non-randomized study
- ~ 2 centers (one by procedure)
 - Mini-invasive procedure: Ancillair Arthrex®, Naples, FL
 - Arthroscopic procedure: DePuy-Mitek®, Raynham, MA
- ~ From January 2012 to December 2012
- ~ Institutional Review Board (CPP IDF VI – Hôpital La Pitié-Salpêtrière)

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Selection criteria

Consecutive patients

Inclusion criteria:

- Chronic anterior shoulder instability
- ISIS (Instability Severity Index , score > 3
(Balg F., Boileau P.; The instability severity index score. A simple pre-operative score to select patients for arthroscopic or open shoulder stabilization. JBJS 2007 Nov;89(11):1470-7.)
- Written consent

Exclusion criteria

- ISIS score < 3

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Preoperative and postoperative protocols

~ Standardized

~ Preoperative workup

- Clinical examination
- AP radiographs in 3 rotations
- Arthro-CT

~ Analgesic postoperative protocol (paracetamol, non-steroidal anti-inflammatory, tramadol)

~ Follow-up assessment at 1, 3, 6 and 12 months

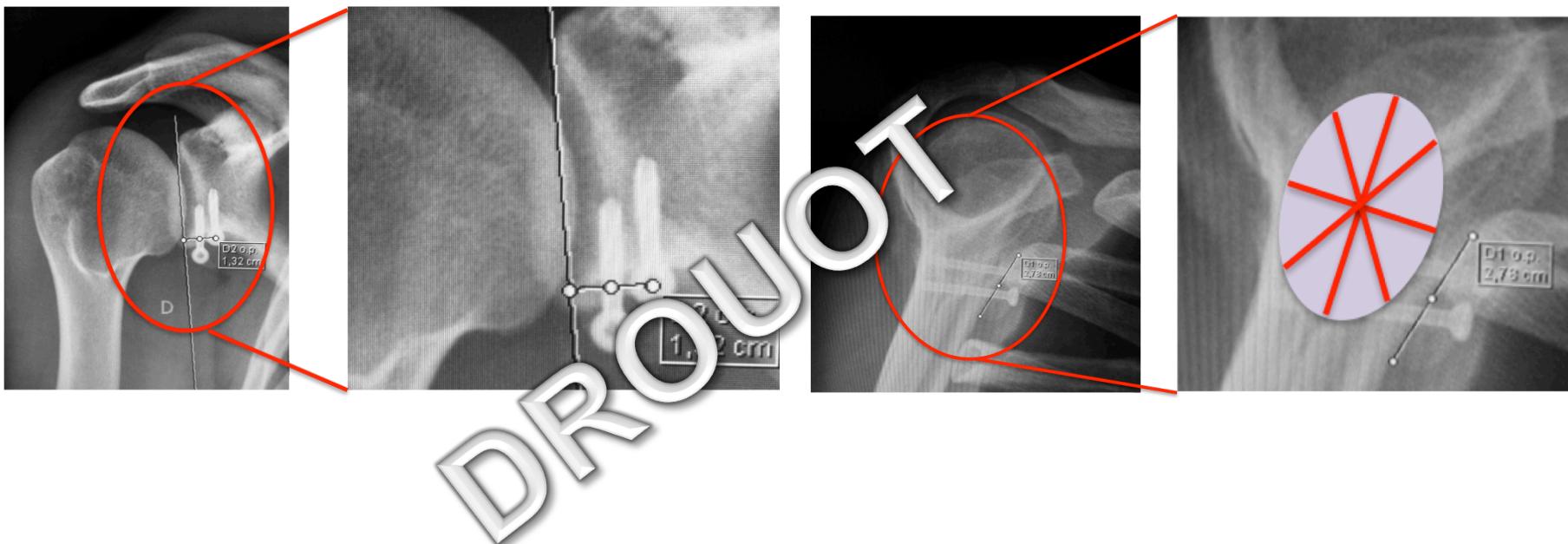
- AP and lateral radiographs at 1, 3, 6 and 12 months,
- CT at 3 months.

Evaluation criteria

- ❖ Primary criterion: mean post-operative pain during the first week using Visual Analogic Scale (VAS 0 to 10)
- ❖ Secondary criteria
 - Graft placement
 - On lateral X-ray
 - On CT-Scan
 - Postoperative complications
 - Analgesic consumption and side effects of drugs

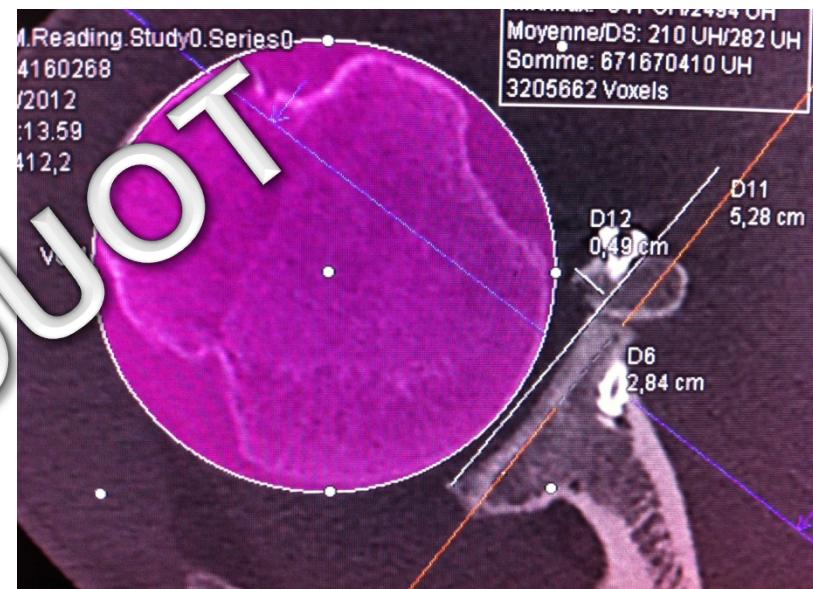
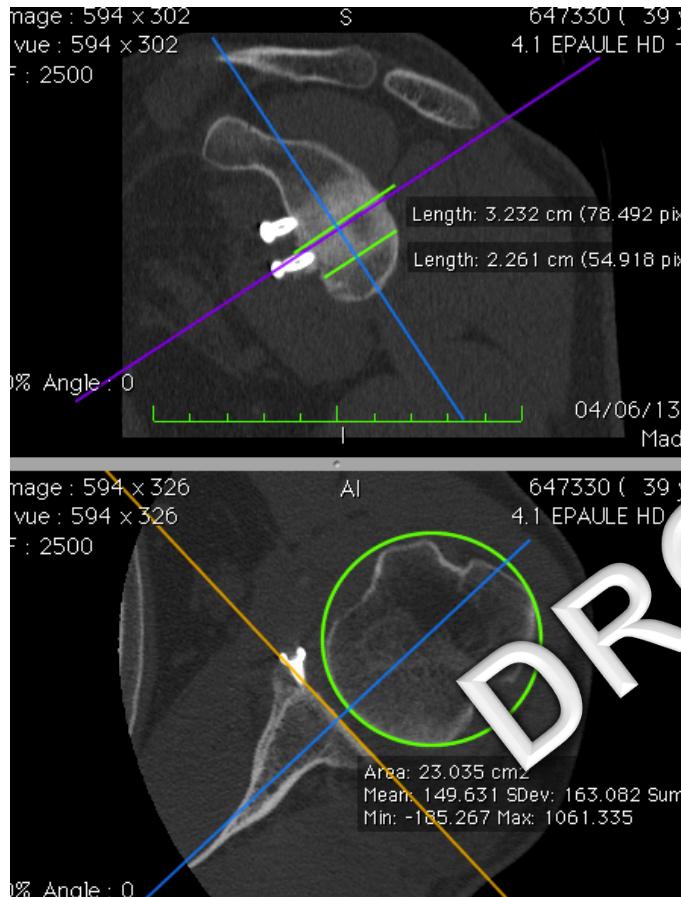
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Secondary criterion: Radiographs Assessment



According to Young et al. (*Coracoid graft dimensions after harvesting for the open Latarjet procedure*, AA. Young,,M. Baba, L. Neyton, A. Godeneche, G. Walch; JSES 2012)

Secondary criterion: CT-scan Assessment



According to Kraus et al. (*Coracoid graft positioning in the Latarjet procedure Validation of a standardized CT-scan analysis*; TM. Kraus, N. Graveleau, Y. Bohu, E. Pansard, S. Klouche, P. Hardy; KSSTA. 2013)

Statistical Analysis

~ STATA.10 software

~ Sample size calculation

- alpha = 0.0500 (two-sided); power = 0.8000
- $m_1 = 3 \pm 1$; $m_2 = 2 \pm 1$; $n_2/n_1 = 1.00$
- Estimated required sample sizes: $n_1 = 16$, $n_2 = 16$

~ Nonparametric tests

- Mann-Whitney
- Fischer exact
- $p < 0.05$

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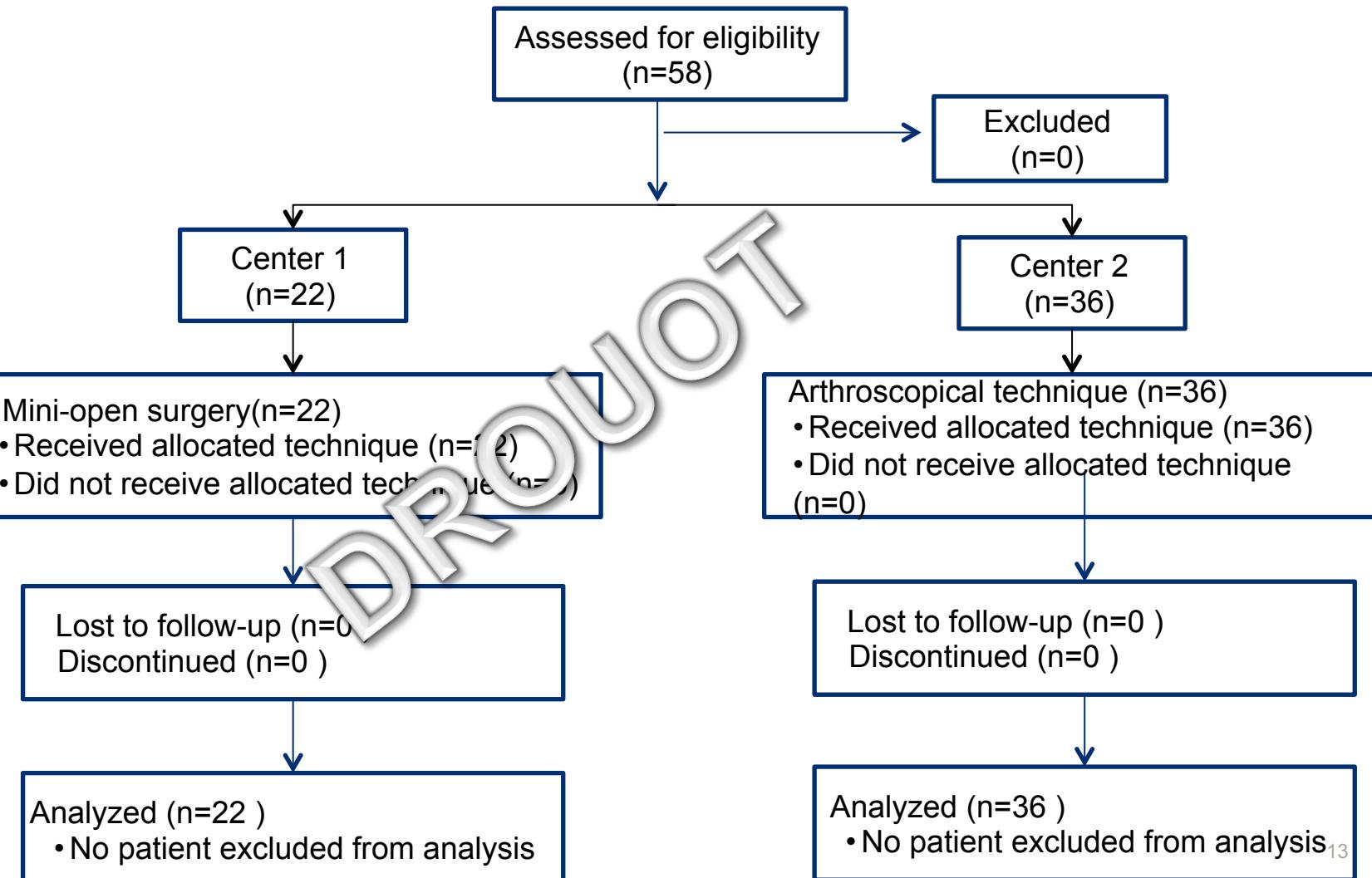
CONSORT Flow-chart

Enrollment

Allocation

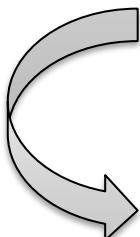
Follow-up

Analysis



Patients

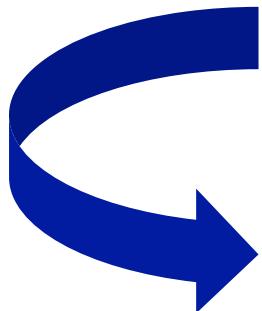
	Complete group (n=58)	Mini-Open (n=22)	Arthroscopic (n=36)	p
Age at Surgery	26.9 ± 7.7	27.3 ± 7.5	26.7 ± 7.8	0.70
Gender	13 F / 45 M	6 F / 16 M	7 F / 29 M	0.53
BMI	23.8 ± 3.2	23 ± 3	24.3 ± 2.7	0.08
ISIS	4.4 ± 1.4	4.6 ± 1.8	4.3 ± 1.2	0.82
Sports	84.5%	91.8%	77.8%	0.13
Recreational	67.2%	81.8%	58.3%	0.21
Competiton	15.3%	13.7%	16.7%	



2 Groups were comparable at inclusion

Operative Time

	Mini-open group	Arthroscopic group	p
Mean Operative Time	61.6 \pm 13.2 mn	76.8 \pm 14 mn	0.00001



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- The mean operative time was significantly higher in the arthroscopic group
- No peri-operative complications

Pain Evaluation

	Complete Group	Mini-Open	Arthroscopic	p
Mean Pain level during 1st week	1.7 ± 1.5	2.5 ± 1.4	1.2 ± 1.2	0.0026
Mean Pain level D1	2.9 ± 1.8	1.3 ± 1.7	2.1 ± 1.3	0.0001
Mean Pain level D2	2.6 ± 1.8	3.8 ± 1.9	1.8 ± 1.4	0.0018
Mean Pain level D3	2.1 ± 1.9	3.2 ± 1.6	1.3 ± 1.8	0.0006
Mean Pain level D4	1.5 ± 1.8	2.3 ± 1.8	1 ± 1.6	0.001
Mean Pain level D5	1.2 ± 1.8	1.7 ± 2	0.9 ± 1.6	0.11
Mean Pain level D6	1 ± 1.6	1.3 ± 1.9	0.8 ± 1.4	0.39
Mean Pain level D7	0.8 ± 1.4	1.2 ± 1.8	0.5 ± 0.9	0.31

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Analgesic consumption - Side effects

	Mini-Open	Arthroscopic	p
Acetaminophen 500mg	2.5 ± 1.8	1.8 ± 1.4	0.13
Tramadol 100mg	0.2 ± 0.4	0.7 ± 1.2	0.07
Naproxen 75mg	0.9 ± 0.6	0.8 ± 0.5	0.20

No Difference

	Mini-Open	Arthroscopic	p
Nausea	3 (17.6%)	2 (7.7%)	0.36
Vomiting	2 (11.8%)	3 (11.5%)	1
Anxiety	3 (17.6%)	4 (15.4%)	1
Vertigo	4 (23.5%)	4 (15.4%)	0.69

No Difference

Medio-lateral Bone Block Positioning

Mini-Open group	Arthroscopy group	P
6.6 ± 5.5 mm	3.7 ± 3.3 mm	0.036

Significant



Equatorial Bone Block Positioning

Mini-Open group	Arthroscopy group	P
44.4%	94.1%	0.002

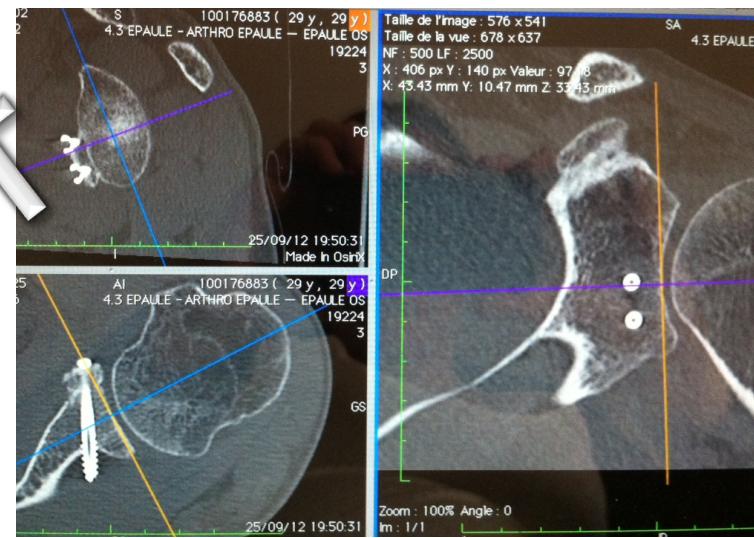
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Significant



CT-scan Assessment

	Mini-open	Arthroscopic
Equatorial positionning	4h : 50% 5h : 50%	4h : 9 (40.9%) 5h : 13 (59.1%)
Bone Block Length	$21.4 \pm 2.1\text{mm}$	$20.6 \pm 2.8\text{mm}$
Healing	5 (62.5%)	6 (27.3%)
Tangential Line 25%	$1.2 \pm 2.8\text{mm}$	$1 \pm 2.5\text{mm}$
Tangential Line 50%	$1.7 \pm 3.7\text{mm}$	$2 \pm 2.5\text{mm}$
Circle 25%	Contact 1 (12) Médial 7 (87.5%)	Contact 2 (9.1%) Médial 20 (90.9%)
Circle 50%	Contact 1 (1.5%) Médial 7 (87.5%)	Contact 2 (9.1%) Médial 20 (90.9%)
Distance Circle 25%	4.9 ± 2.6	$5.1 \pm 3.5\text{mm}$
Distance Circle 50%	5.2 ± 3	$4 \pm 2.9\text{mm}$



No
Difference

Conclusion

- Less postoperative pain during the first week with arthroscopic procedure
- With no difference regarding analgesic consumption
- No difference regarding postoperative complications

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Conclusion

- X-Ray Positioning with arthroscopic procedure
 - More Lateral
 - Significantly more sub-equatorial
- But no significant difference on CT-scan assessment

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Summary

- Arthroscopic procedure: reliable and reproducible
- No difference compared to mini-open procedure regarding the postoperative complications
- Good bone block positioning

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Merci...

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